



LOUISIANA STATE UNIVERSITY



# Dominant features of nuclei from the ab initio symmetry-adapted no-core shell model

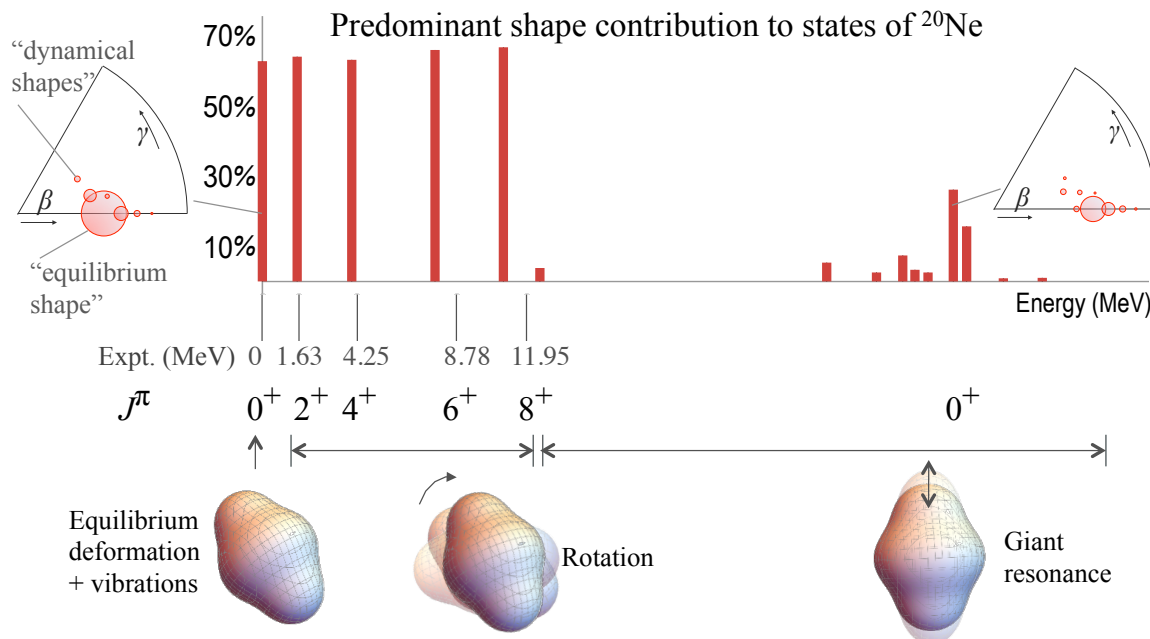
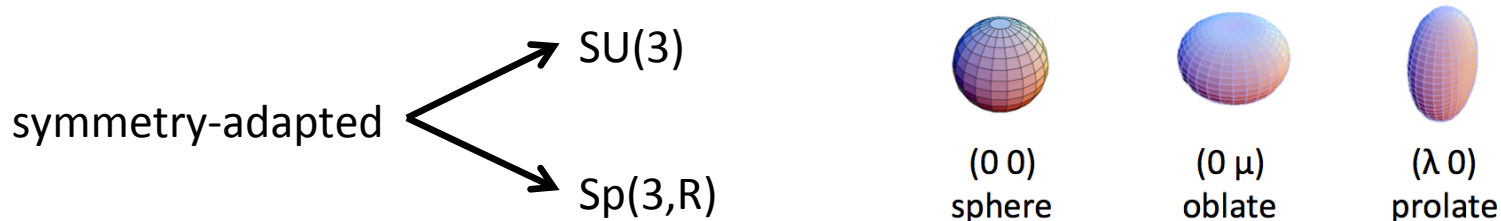
Robert B. Baker, K. D. Launey, T. Dytrych, J. P. Draayer  
*Louisiana State University*

S. Bacca

*Johannes Gutenberg-Universität Mainz and TRIUMF*

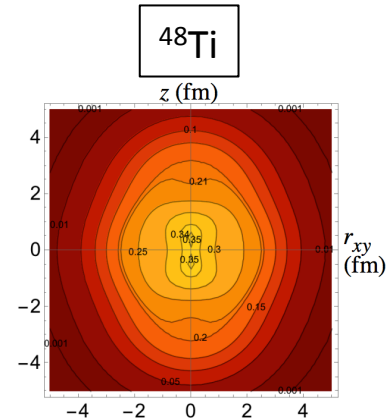
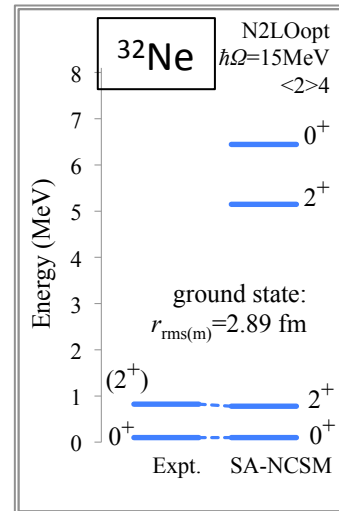
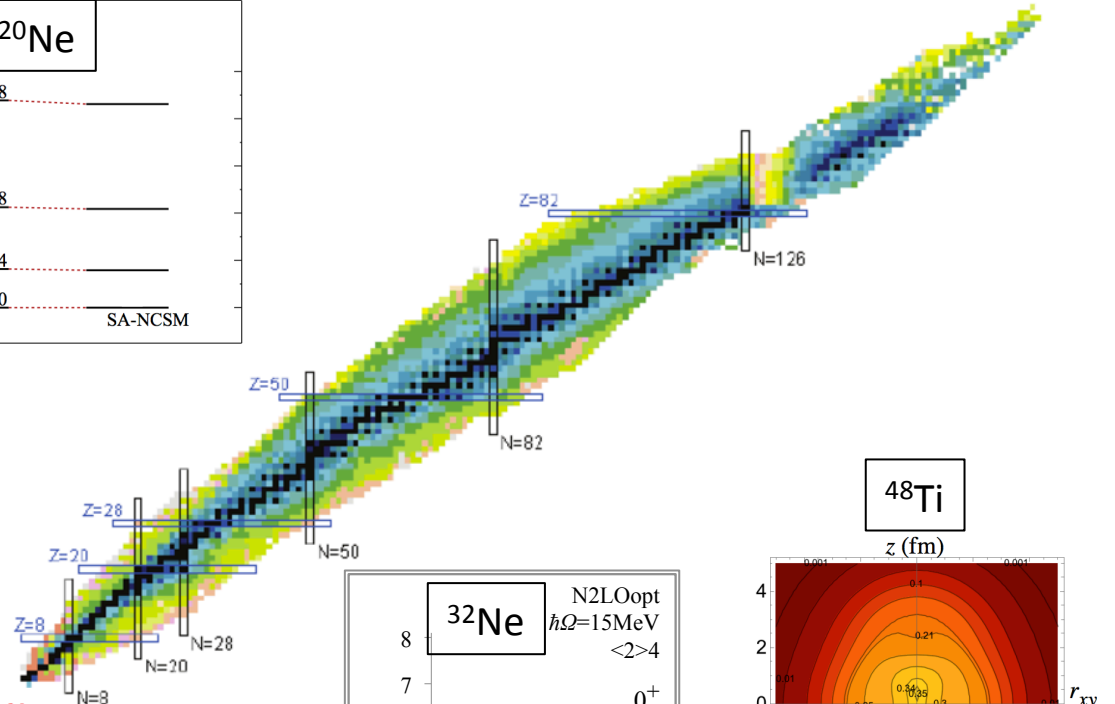
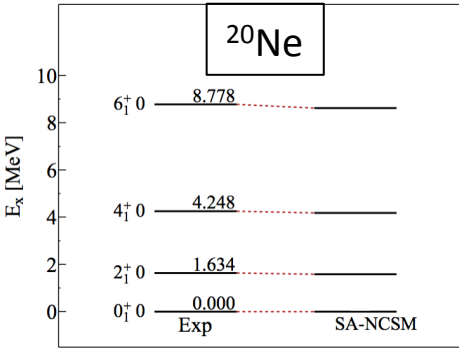
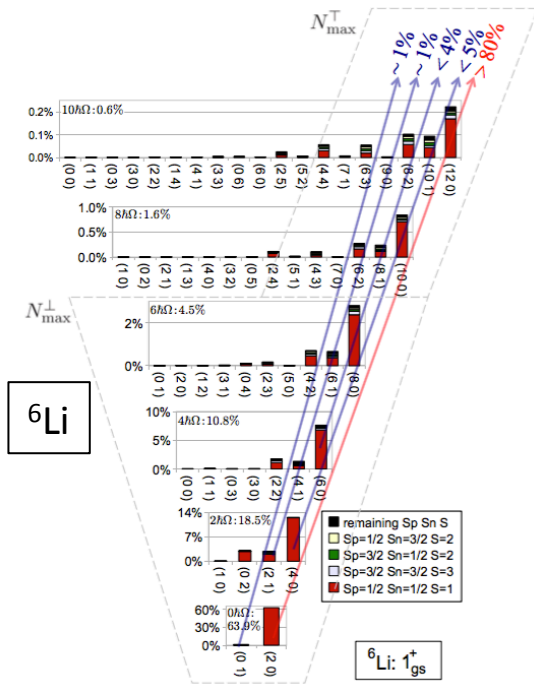
# Symmetry-adapted no-core shell model (SA-NCSM)

Collective basis based on deformation and vibrations plus rotations

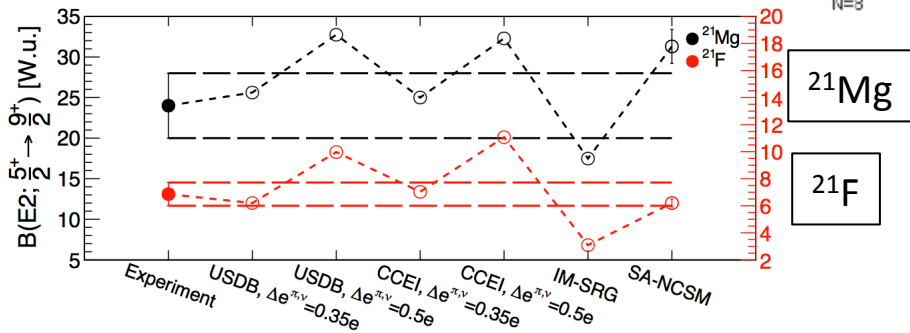


Realistic interactions have a preference for a small subset of possible basis states (an emergent symmetry).

# Symmetry-adapted no-core shell model (SA-NCSM)



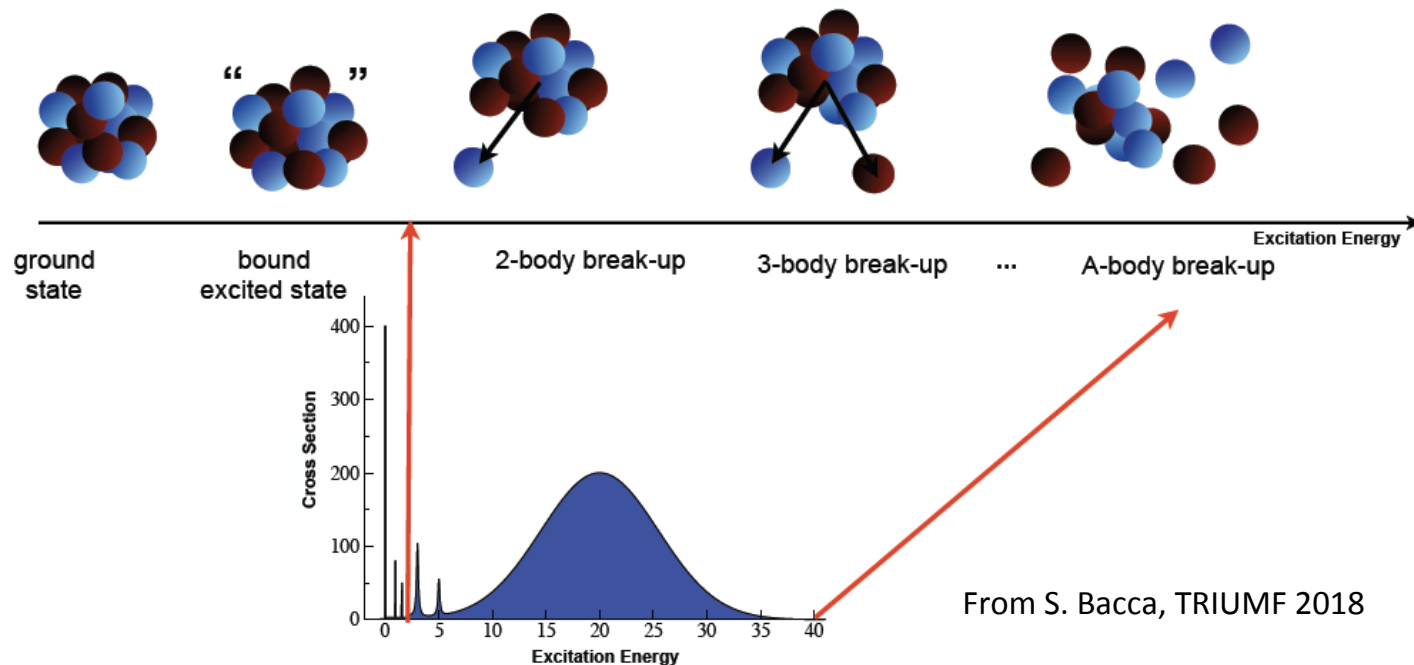
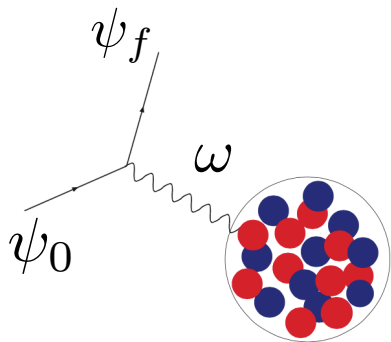
K.D. Launey et al., Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. **89** (2016) 101



P. Ruotsalainen et al., arxiv:1811.00774

K.D. Launey et al.,  
doi:10.1063/1.5078823

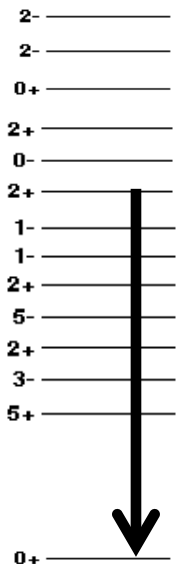
# The continuum



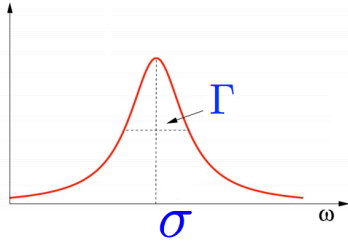
From S. Bacca, TRIUMF 2018

response function

$$R(\omega) = \sum_f |\langle \psi_f | \hat{O} | \psi_0 \rangle|^2 \delta(E_f - E_0 - \omega)$$



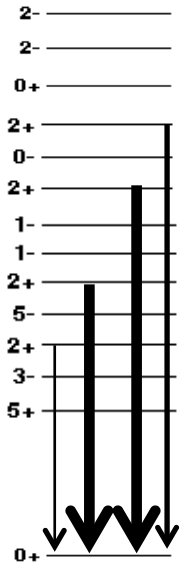
# Lorentz integral transform method (LIT)



$$L(\sigma, \Gamma) = \frac{\Gamma}{\pi} \int d\omega \frac{R(\omega)}{(\omega - \sigma)^2 + \Gamma^2}$$

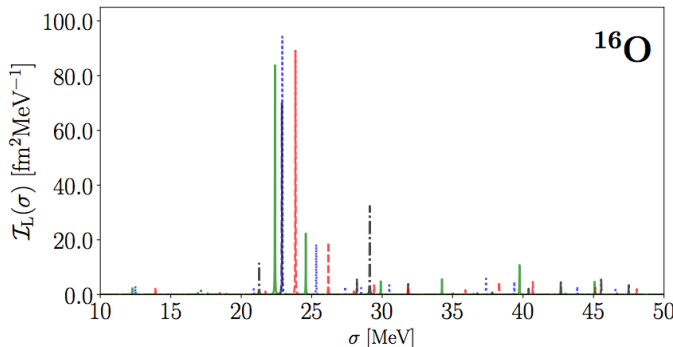


sum rules  
 $m_n = \int d\omega \omega^n R(\omega)$



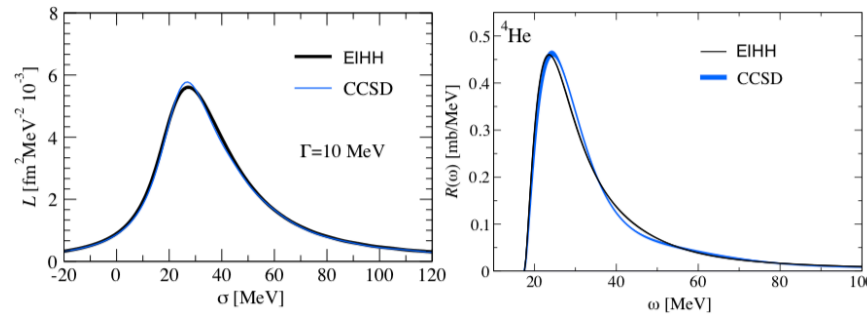
discretized response

$$L(\sigma, \Gamma \rightarrow 0) = \int d\omega R(\omega) \delta(\omega - \sigma) = R(\sigma)$$



Miorelli et al., PRC **98** 014324 (2018)

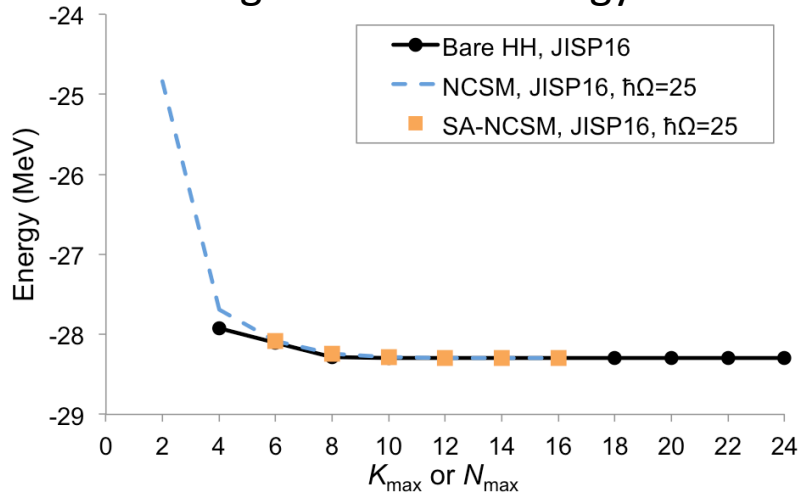
inverting the LIT  
 $L(\sigma, \Gamma) \longrightarrow R(\omega)$



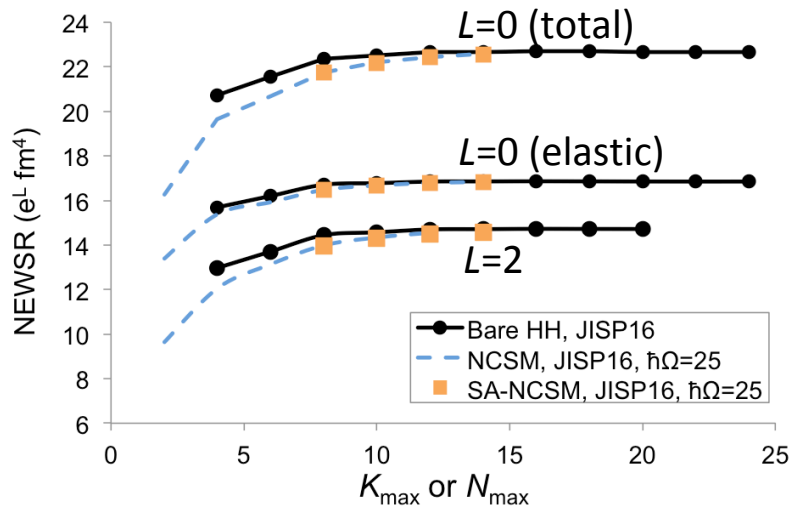
Bacca et al., PRL **111** 122502 (2013)

# Sum rules: Benchmark calculations

$^4\text{He}$  ground state energy



Non-energy weighted sum rules

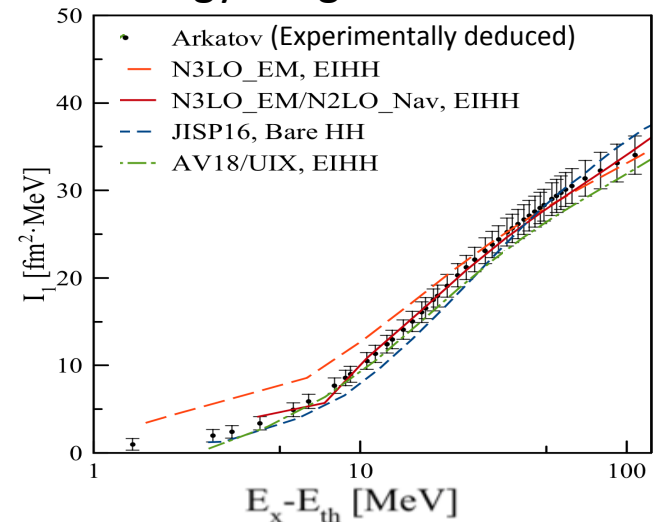


Baker et al., arXiv:1812.07787

Preliminary

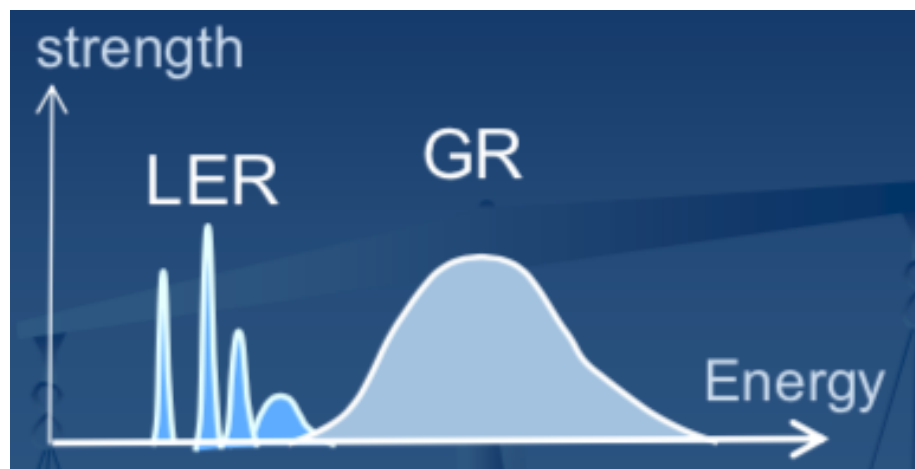
	JISP16		
	HH	NCSM	SA-NCSM
	Monopole $L = 0$		
$m_0$	22.7	$23.1 \pm 0.3$	$22.9 \pm 0.2$
$m_1$	150.4	$154 \pm 3$	$147 \pm 6$
$m_{-1}$	0.25	$0.30 \pm 0.03$	$0.27 \pm 0.02$
	Dipole $L = 1$		
$m_0$	0.86	$0.88 \pm 0.02$	$0.865 \pm 0.007$
$m_1$	41.35	$44 \pm 3$	$44 \pm 3$
$m_{-1}$	0.023	$0.021 \pm 0.005$	$0.021 \pm 0.005$

Energy weighted sum rule

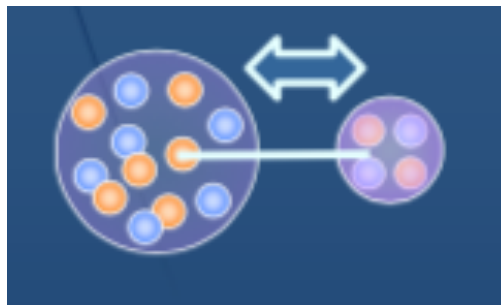


# Response functions

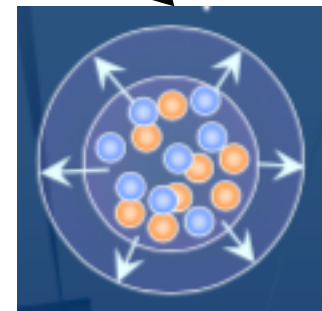
Can be used to probe cluster structures from an ab initio perspective.



Y. Kanada-En'yo, WNCN 2017



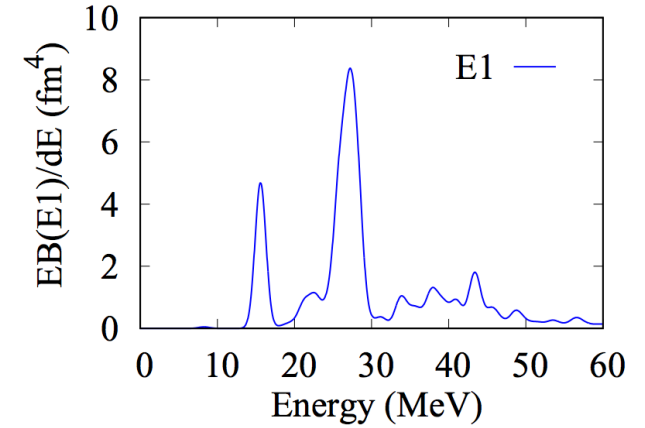
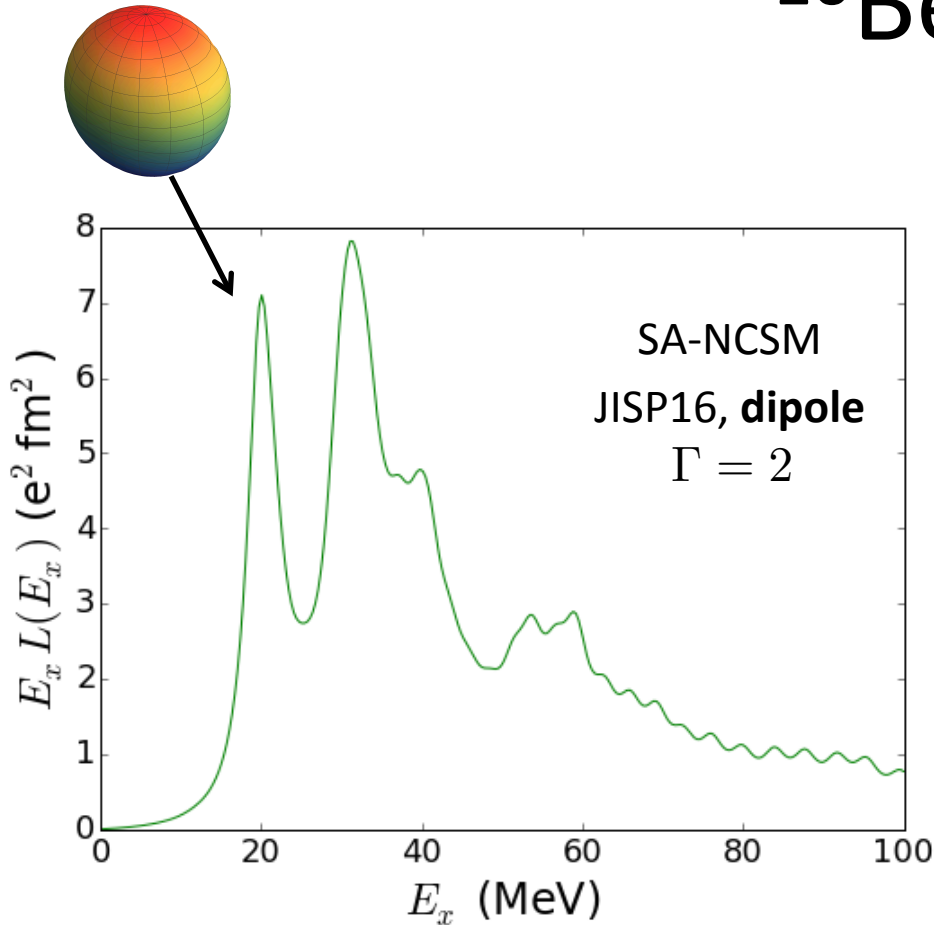
inter-cluster motion



collective motion

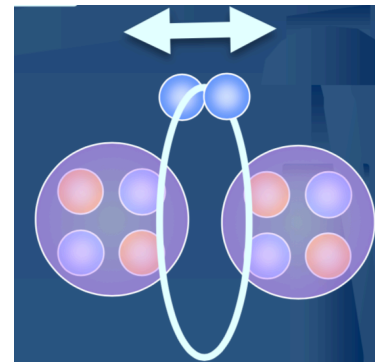
# $^{10}\text{Be}$

SA-NCSM allows us to examine the underlying shape and dynamics



Y. Kanada-En'yo, PRC **93** 024322

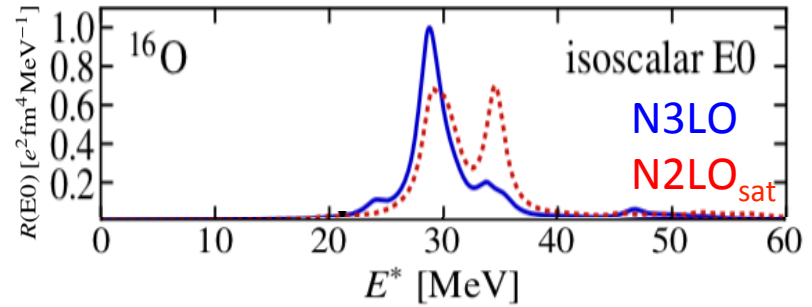
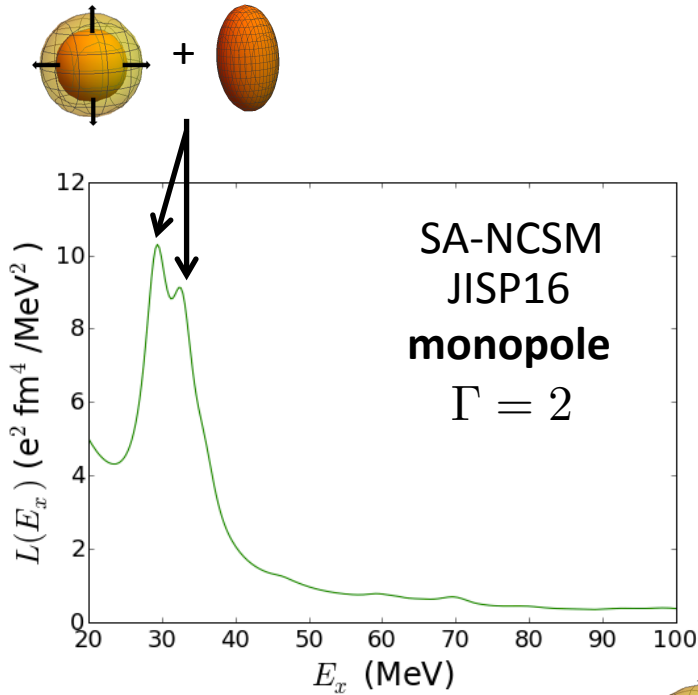
Lowest  $1^-$  does not contribute to E1 strength



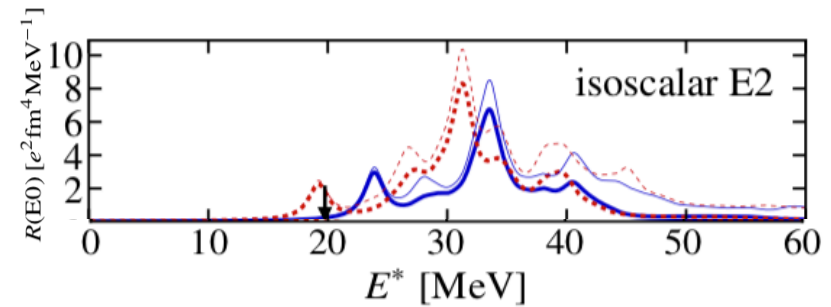
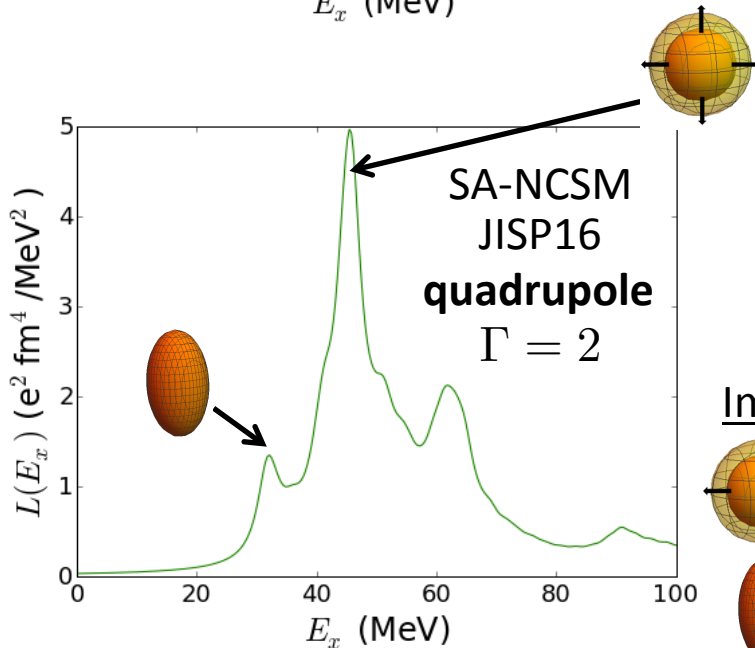


# $^{16}\text{O}$

SA-NCSM allows us to examine the underlying shape and dynamics



Stumpf et al., arXiv:1709.06840



## Important results

- describes giant monopole/quadrupole resonance: 1p-1h vibration of the spherical ground state
- deformed 2p-2h configuration (third  $0^+$ )

**Thanks!**